

## **Tour Code: BKP**

### **Odisha Fixed Tour - 5 D / 4 N**

#### **Departure:**

**2026 :** 17th Jan, 19th Feb & 25th Mar, 16th Apr, 21st May, 18th Jun, 23rd Jul, 20th Aug, 17th Sep, 15th Oct, 12th Nov, 10th Dec

**2027 :** 21st Jan, 18th Feb & 11th Mar (09:00 Hrs.)

**Return:** 5th Day (18:00 Hrs.)

**Holiday Category:** Fixed Departure

**States:** Odisha

#### **ITINERARY**

##### **DAY 1 (07:00 Hrs): Arrive Bhubaneswar**

Arrive Bhubaneswar, the Capital city of the modern State and the ancient Kingdom of Kalinga. You will be met upon arrival & transfer to the hotel. Afternoon proceed to the Local visits Lingaraj Temple dedicated to Lord Shiva built in the 11th century, proceed to Mukteswara temple built in the 10th century known for its sculpted tales from the Panchatantra carved on it, the temple is a magnificent example of Odishan architecture continue to The Rajarani temple set in picturesque surrounding is noted for its intricate carvings of floral, animal and human figures built in the 11th Century. Rest of the evening is at leisure for individual activities.

Meals: Lunch & Dinner

Night Stay: Bhubaneswar

##### **DAY 2: Bhubaneswar-Birija Devi-Bhubaneswar-Udayagiri-Khandagiri**

Post breakfast Departure to Jajpur (100 Kms /2hrs) enroute visit very old Jagannath culture of Chhattla on arrival at Jajpur visit Biraja Devi Temple (One of the Shakti Pithas of Asthadasa) in the bank of Baitarani and it is called Navi Gaya. Later drive back to Bhubaneswar and Also visit the Jain Caves, Khandagiri & Udayagiri

Meals: Breakfast, Lunch & Dinner

Night Stay: Bhubaneswar

##### **DAY 3: Bhubaneswar-Pipili-Raghurajpur -Konark-Pipli-Puri**

After breakfast check out hotel and dep. to Puri (65 kms /1:30 hrs) enroute visit Dhauli. The battleground of Kalinga war during 3rd century BC, which transformed Emperor Ashoka into Dharmashoka. Later proceed to Pipili and Raghurajpur Handicraft Villages and Later you will visit Konarak world heritage site. The temple chariot of the Sun God on the sands of Bay of Bengal is a 13th Century architectural marvel. It is designed as a celestial chariot of Sun God, complete with twelve pairs of wheel and seven horses. This legendary temple has sculptures of great beauty covering all aspects of life. It is most famous for its erotic art Later drive to Puri and proceed to your hotel.

Meals: Breakfast, Lunch & Dinner

Night Stay: Puri

##### **DAY 4 : Lord Jagannath Temple Visit and Chilika Lake**

Early morning you can visit the Lord Jagannath temple and witness the Mangala Arti Darshan. Post breakfast proceed to Chilika lagoon to have the view of dolphins by boat cruise and back to Puri and have a fun at Puri Beach in the Evening.

Meals: Breakfast, Lunch & Dinner

Night Stay: Puri

## DAY 5: Puri-Bhubaneswar

Morning after Breakfast , Checkout the Hotel and departure to Bhuneshwar on arrival transfer to Airport / Railway station for onward Journey. Tour Concludes

Meals: Breakfast, Lunch & Dinne

Tour concludes here...

## Tour Price

Category	Apr-2025 To Mar-2026	Apr-2026 To Mar-2027
	AC	AC
Adult on Twin Sharing	21,499/- <del>(23,602)</del>	20,900/- <del>(23,105)</del>
Adult on Triple Sharing	20,499/- <del>(22,504)</del>	20,106/- <del>(22,228)</del>
Child(5-11)Without Bed	19,499/- <del>(21,406)</del>	16,840/- <del>(18,616)</del>
Single Adult In a Room	29,799/- <del>(32,713)</del>	28,320/- <del>(31,307)</del>

**Note:** GST @5.00% applicable.

## PLACES COVERED

### Bhubaneswar



Bhubaneswar, the capital of Orissa has a history of over 3000 years starting with the Mahamegha-bahana Chedi dynasty. The dynasty had Sisupalgarh near present-day Bhubaneswar as their capital. Bhubaneswar has been known by many names such as Toshali, Kalinga Nagari, Nagar Kalinga, Ekamra Kanan, otherwise known as the Temple City of India. Bhubaneswar literally means the Lord (Eeswar) of the Universe (Bhuban), a center of economic and religious importance in the region today. Bhubaneswar's possession of magnificent sculptures and architectural heritage make this one of the great religious centers of Orissa.

### Puri



Puri is situated on the Bay of Bengal, south of the state capital Bhubaneswar. It is also known as Jagannath Puri after the 11th century Jagannath Temple located in the city and is a holy city of the Hindus as a part of the Char Dham pilgrimages. According to Hindu teachings, a pilgrimage of the temples is not considered complete without a journey to Puris it is endowed with one of the best beaches for swimming in India and is therefore also a popular beach resort. Puri, the holy land of Lord Jagannath, has many names and is

mentioned in Puranas as Srikshetra, Shankhakshetra, Neelachala, Dhama, Purusottama Kshetra, Purusottama Puri and Jagannath Puri. The word "Puri" means 'town', or 'city'.

## Konark



Konark in Puri district on the Bay of Bengal is the site of the 13th-century Sun Temple (also known as the Black Pagoda), built in black granite by King Narasimhadeva-I (AD 1236-1264) of the Eastern Ganga Dynasty. The temple is a World Heritage Site, which takes the form of the chariot of Surya (Arka), the Sun God, and is heavily decorated with stone carving. The entire complex was designed in the form of a huge chariot drawn by seven spirited horses. The entrance is guarded by two lions, which are each shown crushing a war elephant as each elephant in turn lies on top of a human body. The temple symbolises the majestic stride of the Sun god and is where the temple dancers used to perform dances in homage to the Sun god.

## Pipli

Pipli is a town and a NAC under jurisdiction of Puri district in the Indian state of Odisha. It is famous for designing beautiful Applique handicrafts. It is a town of artisans famous for their colourful fabrics.

## Udaygiri



The Udayagiri Site 1, the first site to be excavated, is in a depression between two valleys. In the excavations done during the period between 1985–86 and 1989–90, at the Udayagiri Site 2, the antiquities exposed consisted of a Buddhist Monastic complex enclosed within a compound wall, including a stupa of 7 metres (23 ft) height with four images of dhyanī Buddhas fixed at its four cardinal points. On the basis of the epigraphical evidence archaeologists have inferred that this site is “Madhavapura Mahavihara”. During the large excavation from 1997 to 2000, a second part of Udayagiri-2 was discovered with additional stupas and monasteries. These antiquities consist of two eighth century monastic complexes, statues of Buddha, Tara, Manjusri, Avalokitesvara, Jātamukuta Lokeshvara and many terracotta (earthenware) seals. A stepped stone well with epigraphic inscriptions has also been discovered. Also seen near one of the entry gates at the site is a human figure swinging on a rope, with eyes closed, in a state of perfect happiness.

## TOUR INFO

### Payment Term

- You can pay by Cash/ Cheque / Demand Draft / Debit Card / Credit Card/ Internet Banking /NEFT/ Demand draft & Bank Transfer favoring Southern Travels Pvt Ltd

### Tour Requirements

- For Adults - Photo identification in the form of Voters ID / Passport / Aadhar Card / Driving Licence / Ration card

- For students - Photo identification in the form of Passport / Aadhar Card / PAN card  
Carry original as well as 2 photocopies of school or college Photo Identity card
- For Infants - Carry 2 passport sized photographs

### Things to Carry

- Mobile phone with appropriate sim card
- Along with your necessary clothing and toiletries carry sun screen lotion, hand sanitizer, sun glasses, cap, sports shoes, umbrella / windcheater, camera etc. and woollens if needed
- If you are on any medication, carry sufficient stock of the medicines with prescription

### Weather

- For detailed Information about weather kindly visit [www.accuweather.com](http://www.accuweather.com)

### Shopping

- Shawls, sarees, suits, pashminas, sweaters, leather jackets, bags, purses, walnut, almonds, apricots, saffron and various other dry fruits etc.

### **TERMS AND CONDITIONS**

<https://www.southerntravelsindia.com/Terms-Conditions.aspx>